A: The "Rule of 72" is a simplified way to determine how long an investment will take to double, given a fixed annual rate of interest. By dividing 72 by the annual rate of return, investors can get a rough estimate of how many years it will take for the initial investment to duplicate itself.

For example, the rule of 72 states that \$1 invested at 10% would take 7.2 years ((72/10) = 7.2) to turn into \$2. In reality, a 10% investment will take 7.3 years to double ($(1.10^7.3 = 2)$).

When dealing with low rates of return, the Rule of 72 is fairly accurate. This chart compares the numbers given by the rule of 72 and the actual number of years it takes an investment to double.

Rate of Return	Rule of 72	Actual # of Years	Difference (#) of Years	
2%	36.0 35		1.0	
3%	24.0 23.45		0.6	
5%	14.4	14.21	0.2	
7%	10.3	10.24	0.0	
9%	8.0	8.04	0.0	
12%	6.0	6.12	0.1	
25%	2.9	3.11	0.2	
50%	1.4	1.71	0.3	
72%	1.0	1.28	0.3	
100%	0.7	1	0.3	

Aggressive Growth

Growth

Growth & Income

Income

Cash & equivalents

What ICA Investors Own A hypothetical \$10,000 investment in ICA on December 31, 2016, bought part-ownership in approximately 150 companies. Of those, here are the 75 largest, representing more than 70% of total assets.

The Fund's 75 Largest Equity F	loldings an	d What a \$10,000 Investment E	Bought			
AbbVie	\$411	Stryker	\$98	Exelon	\$	56
Amgen	281	Western Union	97	McDonald's		56
Verizon Communications	248	Microsoft	97	BHP Billiton		- 56
Philip Morris International	235	Medtronic	89	Time Warner		56
Oracle	202	Exxon Mobil	88	Mondelez International		_55
Amazon.com	193	Coca-Cola	86	United Technologies		53
Texas Instruments	190	Illinois Tool Works	83	U.S. Bancorp		52
Union Pacific	179	Suncor Energy	<u></u>	Gilead Sciences		52
Altria Group	173	Dow Chemical	82	General Motors		51
American International Group	165	Vale	82	Goldman Sachs Group		51
Accenture	141	EOG Resources	81	Samsung Electronics		48
General Dynamics	137	Noble Energy	79	Royal Dutch Shell		48
Intel	136	Boeing	79	Concho Resources		46
Alphabet	135	Twenty-First Century Fox	78	Conagra Brands		46
Broadcom	132	Wells Fargo	75	Comcast		45
Kroger	129	Dominion Resources	_ 7.4	Praxair		44
Apple	128	Prudential Financial	73	Priceline Group		43
UnitedHealth Group	126	Citigroup	- 72	McKesson		42
Halliburton	126	ConocoPhillips	70	Lockheed Martin		39
Freeport-McMoRan	-117	Kraft Heinz	67	International Flavors & Fragrances		-39
General Electric	115	Chevron	66	Glencore		38
JPMorgan Chase	112	AT&T	66	Crown Castle International		38
Home Depot	111	TOTAL	60	ASML Holding		38
Canadian Natural Resources	105	Viacom	_59	Other equities	1,	,818
Las Vegas Sands	102	CSX	58			
Berkshire Hathaway	98	PepsiCo	_ 58_			

The fund is actively managed, so holdings will change.

The Advantage of Early Investing

Tom and Jerry are twins. Tom opened an IRA at age 19 and deposited \$2000 a year until he was 25. Jerry started at age 26...look at what happened....

Hypothetical Yearly Return: 12.60% (Historical return of Small to Mid Caps last 71 years)

Tom, Invested Early		Jerry, S	Jerry, Started Later		
Age	Deposit	Accumulated	Age	Deposit	Accumulated
19	2,000	\$2,000.00	19	0	\$0
20	2,000	\$4,252.00	20	0	\$0
21	2,000	\$6,787.75	21	0	\$0
22	2,000	\$9,643.01	22	0	\$0
23	2,000	\$12,858.03	23	Ō	\$0
24	2,000	\$16,478.14	24	0	\$0
25	2,000	\$20,554.38	25	Ö	\$0
26	0	\$23,554.38	26	2,000	\$2,000.00
27	0	\$26,060.41	27	2,000	\$4,252.00
28	0	\$29,344.02	28	2,000	\$6,787.75
29	0	\$33,041.37	29	2,000	\$9,643.01
30	0	\$37,204.58	30	2,000	\$12,858.03
31	0	\$41,892.36	31	2,000	\$16,478.14
32	Ö	\$47,170.80	32	2,000	\$20,554.38
33	Ö	\$53,114.32	33	2,000	\$25,144.24
34	0	\$59,806.72	34	2,000	\$30,312.41
35	0	\$67,342.37	35	2,000	\$36,131.78
36	0	\$75,827.51	36	2,000	\$42,684.38
37	0	\$85,381.77	37	2,000	\$50,062.61
38	0	\$96,139.88	38	2,000	\$58,370.50
39	0	\$108,253.50	39	2,000	\$67,725.18
40	Ö	\$121,893.44	40	2,000	\$78,258.56
41	0	\$137,252.02	41	2,000	\$90,119.13
42	0	\$154,545.77	42	2,000	\$103,474.14
43	Ö	\$174,018.54	43	2,000	\$118,511.89
44	0	\$195,944.87	44	2,000	
45	Ö	\$220,633.93	45	2,000	\$135,444.38 \$154,510.38
46	Ö	\$248,433.80	46	2,000	\$175,978.68
47	Ō	\$279,736.46	47	2,000	\$200,152.00
48	Ō	\$314,983.26	48	2,000	\$200,132.00
49	Ō	\$354,671.15	49	2,000	\$258,019.91
50	0	\$399,359.71	50	2,000	\$292.530.42
51	Ō	\$449,679.03	51		
52	0	\$506,338.59	52	2,000	\$331,389.26
53	0	\$570,137.25	53	2,000	\$375,144.30
54	0	\$641,974.55		2,000	\$424,412.49
55	0	\$722,863.34	54	2,000	\$479,888.46
56	0	\$813,944.12	55 56	2,000	\$542,354.41
57	0	\$916,501.08	57	2,000	\$612,691.06
58	0	\$1,031,980.22	1	2,000	\$691,890.13
59	0	\$1,162,009.73	58 59	2,000	\$781,068.29
60	0	\$1,308,422.95		2,000	\$881,482.90
61	0	\$1,473,284.24	60	2,000	\$994,549.74
62	0	\$1,658,918.06	61	2,000	\$1,121,863.01
63	0		62	2,000	\$1,265,217.75
64		\$1,867,941.73	63	2,000	\$1,426,635.18
65	0	\$2,103,302.39	64	2,000	\$1,608,391.22
03		34,308,318.49	65		\$1,813,048.51
05	14,000	\$2,368,318.49	65		2,000 80,000